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## IC220

### Slide Set #6: Digital Logic (Appendix B)

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#### Appendix Goals

Establish an understanding of the basics of logic design for future material

- Gates
  - Basic building blocks of logic
- Combinational Logic
  - Decoders, Multiplexors, PLAs
- Clocks
- Memory Elements
- Finite State Machines

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#### ADMIN

- Very different material!
- Reading
  - Appendix: Read B.1, B.2, B.3. Skim B.5.

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#### Logic Design – Digital Signals

- Only two valid, stable values
  - False =
  - True =
- Vs. voltage levels
  - Low voltage “usually”
  - High voltage “usually”
  - But for some technologies may be the reverse
- How can we make a function with these signals?
  1. Specify equations:

2. Implement with



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## Boolean Algebra

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- One approach to expressing the logic function
- Operators:

– NOT  $x = \bar{A}$

Output true if

– AND: 'A logical product'  $x = A \bullet B = AB$

Output true if

– OR : 'A logical sum'  $x = A + B$

Output true if

– XOR  $x = A \oplus B$

Output true if

– NAND  $x = \overline{A \bullet B}$

Output true if

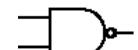
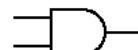
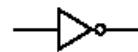
– NOR  $x = \overline{A + B}$

Output true if

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## Gates

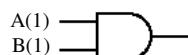
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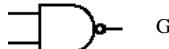
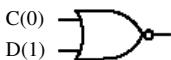
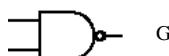
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## Example

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A(1)  
B(1)



G

Equation:

## Truth Tables Part 1

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- Alternative way to specify logical functions
- List all outputs for all possible inputs
  - n inputs, how many entries?
  - Inputs usually listed in numerical order

$x = \bar{A}$	
A	x
0	1
1	0

$$x = A + B$$

$x = A + B$		
A	B	x
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

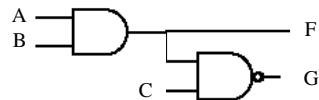
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## Truth Tables Part 2

EX: B-1 to B-4

- Not just for individual gates
- Not just for one output



A	B	C	F	G
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

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## Laws of Boolean Algebra

- **Identity Law**  $A + 0 = A$        $A \bullet 1 = A$

- **Zero and One Law**  $A + 1 = 1$        $A \bullet 0 = 0$

- **Inverse Law**  $A + \bar{A} = 1$        $A \bullet \bar{A} = 0$

- **Commutative Law**  $A + B = B + A$        $A \bullet B = B \bullet A$

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## Laws of Boolean Algebra

- **Associative Law**  $A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C$   
 $A \bullet (B \bullet C) = (A \bullet B) \bullet C$

- **Distributive Law**  $A \bullet (B + C) = (A \bullet B) + (A \bullet C)$   
 $A + (B \bullet C) = (A + B) \bullet (A + C)$

- **DeMorgan's Law**  $\overline{A + B} = \bar{A} \bullet \bar{B}$   
 $\overline{A \bullet B} = \bar{A} + \bar{B}$

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